

testifying to assess credibility. There are other hearings where it may not be necessary that a party or an attorney appear in person, i.e., scheduling matters.

Under Wyo. R. Civ. P. 43 and Wyo. R. Crim. P. 43.1, the Court concludes that the current global pandemic constitutes compelling circumstances that warrant a preference for telephonic or videoconference appearance in all civil matters (except certain juvenile court proceedings), and most criminal proceedings not otherwise addressed by the United States Constitution, the Wyoming Constitution, criminal rule, or case law. The CDC's best practices require persons remain at least six feet away from one another. The CDC also recommends limiting person-to-person contact.

Having the parties and attorneys appear in-person for hearings is not consistent with these best practices. By requiring remote appearance at hearings which do not require in-person testimony, whether by rule, statute, or constitution, the Court can limit person-to-person interaction. This is consistent with the CDC's best practices.

Additionally, having in-person appearances will limit the interaction between high-risk persons and persons exhibiting symptoms of COVID-19. By preferring remote appearances when otherwise permitted by law, the Courts will minimize the chance that someone who may have very slight symptoms comes into a courtroom and exposes several persons to COVID-19.

Finally, such a rule is consistent with the Judicial Branch: Respiratory Disease Pandemic Plan. By using technology, the Courts can minimize personal interaction thereby continuing with non-critical court functions while still prioritizing and protecting public health. *See* Judicial Branch Pandemic Plan at Sections XII(c)(2) & (4).

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that any person scheduled to appear at any hearing shall notify the Court before coming to the Courthouse if that the person is experiencing any flu-like symptoms, have a fever, or are coughing or sneezing. Upon notice, the Court may order such person to appear by telephone or videoconferencing at the Court's discretion;

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that except for Title 25 proceedings, shelter care hearings, and juvenile court trials, all parties and attorneys appearing in any civil proceeding shall appear via telephone or videoconferencing unless otherwise ordered by the Court;

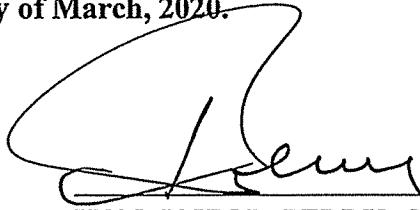
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that except for arraignments, changes of plea, probation revocation hearings, and criminal trials, and as otherwise provided in Wyo. R. Crim. P. 43.1, and

as is consistent with the United States and Wyoming Constitutions, and Wyoming statutes, parties and their attorneys shall appear at all other criminal hearings via telephone or videoconferencing;

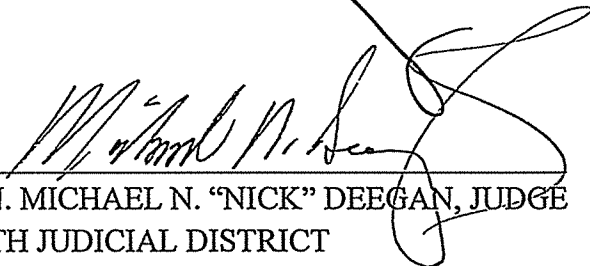
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that all participants and attorneys shall coordinate with court personnel to arrange for such appearances;

FINALLY, IT IS ORDERED that any person seeking relief from this General Order may seek relief therefrom by showing good cause why the particular facts of their case do not constitute extraordinary circumstances in light of the current COVID-19 pandemic.

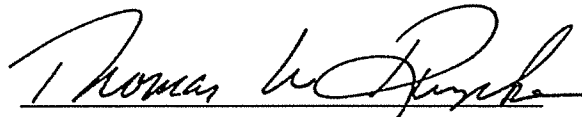
BY THE COURT this ^{18th} day of March, 2020.



HON. JOHN R. PERRY, CHIEF JUDGE
SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT



HON. MICHAEL N. "NICK" DEEGAN, JUDGE
SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT



HON. THOMAS W. RUMPKE, JUDGE
SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT